Twenty-one industries recorded average yearly wages of over \$1,000, while in eleven the average exceeded \$1,200. No women operatives were employed in two of the three types of factory paying the highest wages—the steel and rolled products and pig iron and ferro-alloys, while in the third (automobile industry) the proportion of women was very low. Of these twenty-one better-paid groups, the printing and bookbinding industry alone registered a proportion of female wage earners above the general average.

Fish-curing and packing establishments paid an average yearly wage of \$207.83, but as has already been pointed out, their active season is very short; the 938 plants reporting operated only 81,916 days, or an average of $87 \cdot 3$ days, in 1923. The wages paid in the textile and furnishing groups were generally below the average, although factories making both men's and women's clothing paid higher wages than was the case in cotton, knitting and furnishing plants. These trades, as well as the cigar and cigarette and biscuit and confectionery groups, in which remuneration was also low, reported large proportions of female wage earners, varying from 75.4 p.c. in women's clothing factories to 43.0 p.c. in cotton yarn and cloth mills. Sawmills, employing only male workers and paying an average wage of \$887.87, worked on the average 88.6 days in 1923.

23.—Employees by Sex and Average Salaries and Wages Paid in Forty Leading Canadian Manufacturing Industries during 1923, with Average Number of Days Operated by Pfants in each Industry.

SALARIES.

Industries.	Employees on salaries.			Average
	Male.	Female.	Total.	salary.
1. Pulp and paper	2,430	390	2,820	\$ 2,506.81
2. Flour and gristmills	1,036	250	1,286	1.805.40
3 Sawmills	1,998	204	2,202	1,956.34
4. Slaughtering and meat packing	2,275	387	2,662	1,770.57
5. Butter and cheese	3,427	456	3,883	968-52
6. Automobiles	1,169	311	1,480	$2.203 \cdot 02$
7. Electric light and power	3,760	1,139	4,899	1,372-52
8. Cotton cloth and yarn	412	94	506	2.358-66
9. Sugar refining	300	48	348	2,388-24
10. Castings and forgings	1,939	506	2,445	2.051-34
11. Railway rolling stock	799	117	916	2.179.77
12. Rubber goods (including footwear)	1,370	379	1,749	$1.680 \cdot 24$
13. Electrical apparatus	2,139	717	2,856	1.758-90
14. Printing and publishing	3,784	1,420	5,204	1.553-63
15. Bread and other bakery products	1,079	320	1,399	$1.631 \cdot 82$
16. Biscuits and confectionery	1,592	496	2,088	$1.792 \cdot 58$
17. Hosiery, knit goods and gloves	781	372	1,153	1,908-58
18. Boot and shoes, leather	1,252	352	1,604	2,157-18
19. Petroleum refining	325	64	389	$2.099 \cdot 62$
20. Steel and rolled products	283	24	307	2,423.21
21. Woodworking, sash and door factories	1,064	193	1,257	$1.872 \cdot 14$
22. Clothing-women's factory	1,147	569	1.716	$1.969 \cdot 75$
23. Cigars and cigarettes	899	207	1,106	1.888-97
24. Clothing-men's factory	1,089	283	1.372	2,030.97
25. Printing and bookbinding	1,602	482	2.084	1.981.31
26. Sheet metal products	838	202	1,0'0	1.802-36
27. Breweries	479	58	537	$2.489 \cdot 16$
28. Machinery.	1,401	426	1,827	1.713.69
29. Furniture and upholstering	904	250	1.154	1.937.61
30. Agricultural implements	1,079	274	1,353	1,770-41
31. Furnishing goods-men's	650	236	886	1.956.78
32. Fish-curing and packing	543	42	585	$1.164 \cdot 28$
33. Acids, alkalies and salts	437	83	520	1.852.54
34. Leather tanneries	280	58	338	2,669.98
35. Automobile accessories.	300	88	388	2.166.43
36. Paints, pigments and varnishes	698	230	928	2.209.46
37. Pig iron and ferro-alloys	35	1	36	3.060.33
38. Hardware and tools	602	207	809	1,926.18
39. Wire and wire goods	285	102	387	1,959-28
40. Gas lighting and heating	554	306	860	1,272.37
Total for 40 leading industries	47,036	12,343	59,379	1,800-18
Total for all industries	61,677	16,596	78,273	1.813-18